## APPENDIX C

1 (Currently Amended). A method <u>for</u>of image compression[[,]] comprising the steps of:

recursively transforming an image using Discrete Wavelet

Transform to create a plurality of levels including at least a

first level, multiple <u>intermediaten</u> levels, and a low-low pass

subband level<del>of level n, wherein n is the number of levels;</del>

quantizing the transformed image at each level; and datapacking the quantized image by:, wherein the datapacking step further comprises:

encoding of the first level using adaptive run length coding of zero coefficients;

encoding <u>at least one</u> of the multiple <u>intermediaten</u>
levels using run-length coding of zero coefficients and a
predetermined two-knob <u>Hh</u>uffman table for non-zero coefficients;
and

encoding of the low-low pass subband  $\frac{\text{level}}{\text{of level }n}$  using a low frequency packing algorithm.

2 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 1, wherein the step of encoding of the first level further comprises the steps of:

scanning the quantized image to find  $\underline{a}$  largest coefficient magnitude;



storing the largest non-zero coefficient magnitude in a header;

run-length coding of—the zero coefficients in the quantized image; and

encoding the non-zero coefficients using a predetermined  $$^{\circ}$$  Hhuffman table.

3 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 2, wherein the step of encoding of the first level further comprises the steps of:

if a non-zero coefficient is not found in the predetermined Hhuffman table, encoding an escape code and encoding the non-zero coefficient in a signed bit representation.

4 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 3, wherein the step of encoding of the first level further comprises the steps of:

encoding a run in the quantized image by using three bits; and

if three bits are <u>insufficient</u>not enough to write the run, encoding a zero codeword.

5 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 1, wherein the step of encoding at least one of the multiple intermediaten levels[[,]] further comprises the steps of:

scanning the quantized image after run-length coding of the



zero coefficients to find the longest run; and storing the longest run.

6 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 5, wherein the step of encoding at least one of the multiple intermediaten levels[[,]] further comprises the step of:

determining a long run or a short run based on the magnitude of the longest run.

7 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 1, wherein the step of encoding the low-low pass subband level using the low frequency algorithm includes in low frequency algorithm further comprises the step of:

calculating a difference between a plurality of DC coefficients and a plurality of AC coefficients, thereby defining a plurality of DC difference values.

8 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 7, wherein in low frequency algorithm further comprisinges the step[[s]] of:

writing the DC coefficients and the DC difference values to an encoded data stream in unsigned bit representation in a rowwise manner.

9 (Currently Amended). A method for of image compression[[,]]

comprising the steps of:

recursively transforming an image using Discrete Wavelet
Transform to create a plurality of levels;

quantizing the transformed image at each level; and encoding—of the quantized image at each level using runlength coding of a plurality of zero coefficients and a predetermined two-knob <u>Hh</u>uffman table for a plurality of nonzero coefficients.

10 (Currently Amended). An encoder <u>for</u> compressing image data[[,]] comprising:

a two-dimensional discrete wavelet filter for transforming the <u>imageinput</u> data into <u>a plurality</u> of coefficients forming a first level, <u>multiple</u> intermediate levels, and a low-low <u>pass</u> subband level<del>of a highest level;</del>

a quantizer for mapping the coefficients into discrete regions by a predetermined compression parameter; and

a datapacker for compressing the mapped coefficients wherein the datapacker encodes a plurality of zero coefficients at the first level by adaptive run length coding, encodes a plurality of non-zero coefficients at one or more of the intermediate levels by a two-knob Huffman coding, and encodes the low-low pass subband levelat the highest level by low frequency coding.



11 (Currently Amended). The encoder of claim 10, wherein the datapacker is adapted to: at the first level the adaptive run length coding further comprises

scanning the mapped coefficients of the first level to find a largest coefficient magnitude[[,]];

storeing the largest non-zero coefficient magnitude in a header[[,]]; and

run-length codeing of the zero coefficients.

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12 (Currently Amended). The encoder of claim 11, wherein the datapacker at the first level encodes the non-zero coefficients of the first level using a predetermined <u>H</u>+uffman table after run length coding of the zero coefficients.

13 (Currently Amended). The encoder of claim 12, wherein the datapacker at the first level encodes a run of zero coefficients of the first level by writing a zero indicator followed by a predetermined number of data elements[[,]].

14 (Currently Amended). The encoder of claim 13, wherein the datapacker at the first level encodes an additional zero indicator at the first level if the predetermined number of data elements are insufficientnot enough to write the run.

15 (Currently Amended). The encoder of claim 10, wherein the datapacker at the low-low subband at the highest level encodes a difference between a plurality of DC coefficients and a plurality of AC coefficients at the low-low pass subband level.

16 (Currently Amended). A computer readable medium having a program for performing image compression, the program being adapted to, comprising the steps of:

recursively transforming an image using Discrete Wavelet

Transform to create a plurality of levels including at least a

first level, multiple intermediaten levels, and a low-low pass

subband level of level n, wherein n is the number of levels;

quantizing the transformed image at each level; and datapacking the quantized image by, wherein the datapacking step further comprises:

encoding of the first level using adaptive run length coding of zero coefficients;

encoding <u>at least one</u> of the multiple <u>intermediaten</u>
levels using run-length coding of zero coefficients and a
predetermined two-knob <u>Hh</u>uffman table for non-zero coefficients;
and

encoding of the low-low pass subband  $\underline{\text{level}}$  of  $\underline{\text{level}}$  nusing a low frequency packing algorithm.



17 (Currently Amended). A method <u>for</u>of compressing a digital image data set[[,]] comprising the steps of:

performing a plurality of two-dimension discrete wavelet transformations on the data set, wherein the plurality of transformations includes a first level, a plurality of intermediate levels, and a low-low passlast-low-pass subband level of a last level;

quantizing the plurality of transformations;

datapacking the quantized first level using a first packing algorithm;

datapacking at least one of the plurality of quantized intermediate levels using a second packing algorithm; and

of the last level using a third packing algorithm.

18 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 17, wherein the first packing algorithm includes the step of:

adaptive run-length coding of a plurality of zero coefficients.

19 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 17, wherein the second packing algorithm includes the steps of:

run-length coding of a plurality of zero coefficients; and



two-knob  $\underline{H}$ +uffman coding of a plurality of non-zero coefficients.

20 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 13, wherein the third packing algorithm includes the steps of:

low-frequency differential datapacking of a plurality of coefficients on a row-wise fashion, including a DC coefficient.

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21 (Currently Amended). A method<u>for</u> compressing image data[[,]] comprising the steps of:

encoding using a first packing algorithm for a first level of a transformation of the image data; and

encoding using a second packing algorithm for a second level of the transformation of the image data.

22 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 21, wherein the first packing algorithm includes the step of:

adaptive run-length coding of a plurality of zero coefficients.

23 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 21, wherein the second packing algorithm includes the steps of:

run-length coding of a plurality of zero coefficients; and two-knob  $\underline{H}\underline{h}$ uffman coding of a plurality of non-zero

coefficients.

24 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 21, further comprising the step of encoding using a third packing algorithm for a third level of the transformation of the image data.

25 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 24, wherein the third packing algorithm includes the steps of:

low-frequency differential datapacking of a plurality of coefficients on a row-wise fashion, including a DC coefficient.